



INSTALLATION MANUAL

« RMEJ SX» RANGE





Congratulations, you have purchased a Facnor reefing system. Over 20 years Facnor has gained an excellent reputation in manufacturing furling systems that feature Innovation and Reliability. Sturdy and easy-to-use, your Facnor reefing system will give you satisfaction when either cruising or racing.

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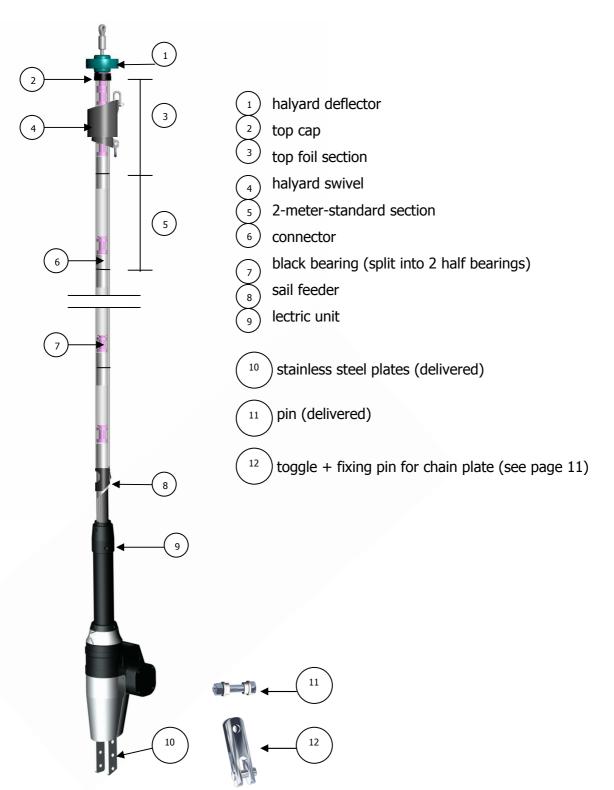
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Before beginning assembly, we recommend that you read these instructions carefully so as to familiarize yourself with the parts, installation and the use of your Facnor furling and reefing system.





1- ASSEMBLY DRAWING



2- PACKAGE INVENTORY

The Facnor headsail reefing system comprises:











2.1 BOX CONTENT

2.1.1 Standard components



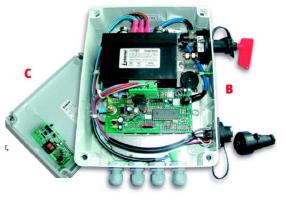
Chart No1

Maximum forestay length	8M30	10M40	12M40	14M40	16M40	18M40	20M40	22M40
A = Number of bearings necessary*	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
B = Number of screws necessary *	16	20	24	28	32	36	40	44

^{*} NOTE: the quantity contained in the bag is superior to the number of screws or bearings required

2.1.2 Optional extras (not included in standard kit)

- B 12/ 24 volts Boxtron Remote control
- **c** 12/24 volts Top Boxtron with Radio Control system
- D Toggle switch (1 function)
- E Remote control (with wire)
- F Radio control (1 function)
- G Radio control (2 functions)



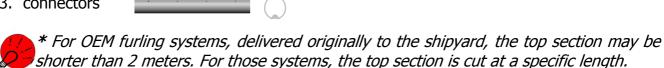






2.2 TUBE CONTENT

- 1. one telescopic section (1M40)
- 2. external twin-groove sections
- 3. connectors



Example: if you order an RMEJ 1.02 14M40, according to the chart below you will receive six 2-meter sections, one half-length section, the telescopic section and six connectors.

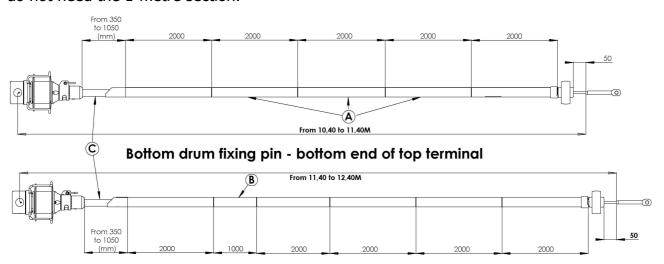
Chart No.2

Forestay max. length	No. of 2m sections	No. of 1m sections	No. of connectors	Telescopic section
10M40	4	1	4	1
12M40	5	1	5	1
14M50	6	1	6	1
16M50	7	1	7	1
18M50	8	1	8	1
20M50	9	1	9	1
22M50	10	1	10	1

2.3 DETERMINING WHICH SECTION LENGTH SHOULD BE USED

The example given is of a RMEJ 12M40, standard (i.e. not delivered to a shipyard), for a forestay measuring between 10.4 and 12.4 metres. According to the table above, you will receive: 5 two-metre external sections and 1 one-metre external section.

EXAMPLE No1: your forestay measures between **10.40 and 11.40 metres (fig. A),** you do not need the 1-metre section.



EXAMPLE No2: your forestay measures between **11.40 and 12.40 metres**, you do need the 1-metre section (fig. B); the latter fits above the last section.

In both examples, the exact length will be reached with the telescopic section (fig. C).





3- PRE-INSTALLATION NOTES

3.1 GENERAL REMARKS WITH REGARD TO FACNOR FURLING SYSTEM:

■ Simple to assemble: no mast unstepping, no section cutting, no drilling

The FACNOR headsail furling system is one of the easiest to install:

- it does not require unstepping the mast
- under most circumstances you will not need to cut any section on account of the patented Facnor telescopic section.
- **no drilling** is necessary.

Maintenance free

No particular maintenance is required because the drum and the halyard swivel are fitted with stainless steel bearings and polymer bushes filled and **waterproofed** with grease. We recommend you clean the furling system with fresh water several times each the season to remove the salt deposits.

3.2 ELECTRICAL DANGER AND MAST SUPPORT

DO NOT BRING YOUR FURLING SYSTEM IN CONTACT WITH ELECTRIC CABLES OR HIGH TENSION LINES. The headsail reefing system is made from aluminium sections which are highly conductive. Contact by the system with power lines can be fatal.

DO NOT INSTALL YOUR REEFING SYSTEM WHEN STORMY WEATHER HAS BEEN FORECAST. A lightening striking the mast can travel down the system. Death could result from shocks induced from touching the reefing system.

MAKE SURE THE MAST IS SECURED BEFORE REMOVING THE BOTTOM FIXING PIN OF THE FORESTAY. Facnor reefing system can be assembled with the forestay in place. Kit components will be fed over the bottom of the forestay. Therefore, the bottom fixing pin will have to be removed. Before operating, support the front mast with a Spinnaker or Genoa halyard. DO NOT USE A SNAP SHACKLE OR SHACKLE HALYARD BUT LASH IT.

We recommend that you change your forestay if it is too old. You may contact one of our dealers. For information about the nearest Facnor retailer, contact us at +33 (0)2 33 88 50 22 or visit our web site: www.facnor.com.

The services of a professional yacht rigger or sailmaker could end up saving you time and should you improperly install the furler or encounter an unusual rigging problem.





3.3- PREPARING FOR ASSEMBLY:

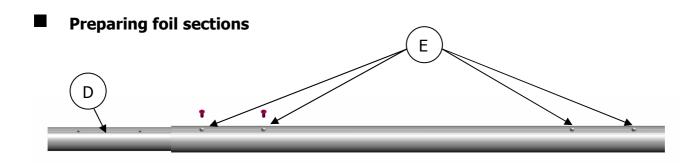
Protecting the components

During assembly, we recommend you protect both the sections and the other items of the furling system, as rough ground may damage them.

Tools needed for assembly :

- a manual or electric screwdriver
- a hammer
- an adjustable spanner for the lower drum fitting pin

Different allen keys are supplied with the kit, as well as the Pozi drive/No2 bit for the section screws.



We recommend you prepare the sections before assembly. This involves fixing a connector (fig. D) to all of the twin-groove sections apart from one. The latter will be the top section. All of the external sections, **including the top section***, have symmetrical holes at each end (fig. E).

BEWARE: DO NOT TIGHTEN SCREWS AT THIS STAGE.

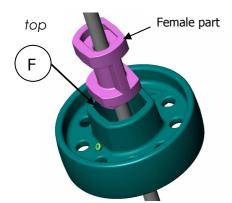
* For furling systems installed for the first time, delivered to the shipyard, the top section may be shorter than 2 metres. For these reefing systems, the top section is cut to length. Therefore, there is no hole on the upper end of the top section, on which the top cap will be fixed.





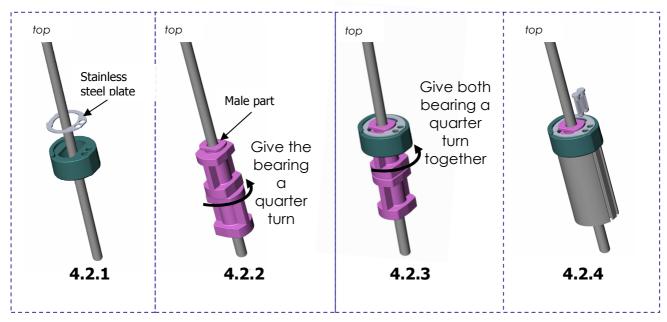
4- ASSEMBLY STAGES:

4.1 – ASSEMBLY OF THE HALYARD DEFLECTOR*



Slip the disk around the forestay, screw pointing up. Assemble the two half bearings **above** the deflector disk and around the forestay, the "female" part of the bearing pointing up. Fit the bearing into the halyard deflector. Then tighten the screw (fig. F), which will fix the bearing in place.

4.2- ASSEMBLY OF THE TOP CAP AND THE TOP SECTION



- 4.2.1- Slip the stainless steel plate and then the top cap around the forestay. Block the plate by slipping it into the notches on the cap, designed for this purpose.
- 4.2.2- Around the forestay, assemble a 1st bearing, then a 2nd, the "male" part pointing up. Fit the bearings together, and give the bottom bearing a quarter turn.
- ⚠ IMPORTANT : These two bearings are now joined.
- 4.2.3- Put the bearing set into the cap, then give another quarter turn to the bearings.
- **M** IMPORTANT : Doing this ensures that the bearings are fixed in place in the top cap.
- 4.2.4- Take the top section and fix it snugly into the top cap. If assembly is not possible, give the bearings a half turn in the cap.

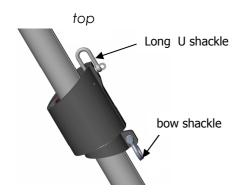
Place the 2 pins into the holes in the top cap and the stainless steel plate. Then, tap them into the section grooves with a mallet.

The pins are simply used to fix the cap. Therefore, do not hit too hard or you may damage the cap.





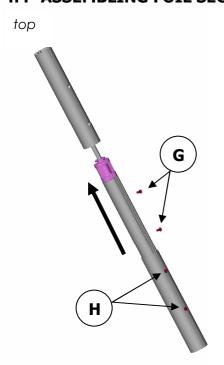
4.3- FITTING THE HALYARD SWIVEL



Ensure you fit the halyard swivel the right way up. Fix the two shackles. In order to raise the sections as high as possible, we recommend that you fit the halyard swivel and raise everything by way of a halyard.

⚠ IMPORTANT : Be sure to attach a down haul line to the halyard swivel so as to be able to recover it later.

4.4- ASSEMBLING FOIL SECTIONS



The top section is in place. Assemble a bearing around the forestay. Slip the next section, already assembled (see preparing the sections p.4), with the connector pointing towards the top of the forestay. With the help of the connector, push the bearing all the way up into the top section until the connector holes coincide with those of the top section.

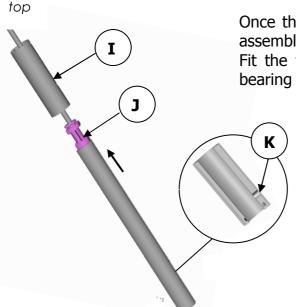
Fit both screws (fig. G). then, slowly and firmly tighten the 4 screws (fig. G+H).

Repeat the operation until you reach the last section. DO NOT FIX ANYTHING TO THE LAST SECTION.



If your forestay requires the use of a 1-meter section, fit it above the lowest 2-meter section.

4.5- FITTING THE TELESCOPIC SECTION



Once the sections have been hoisted as high as possible, assemble a bearing around the forestay.

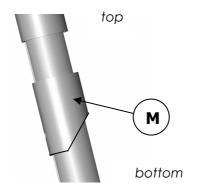
Fit the telescopic section and push it up. That way, the bearing (fig. J) goes into the lowest foil section (Rep. I).

⚠ **BEWARE**: FIT THE TELESCOPIC SECTION TO THE FORESTAY AS INDICATED (fig. K). THE SIDE WITH ONLY ONE HOLE MUST BE POINTING DOWN.





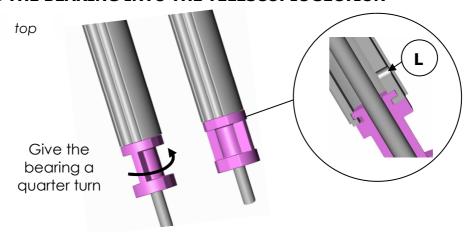
4.6- FITTING THE FEEDER



First fit the sail feeder (fig. M) to the telescopic section as indicated.

Fix the feeder to the telescopic section with the screw provided, tighten until fixed (see 4.11).

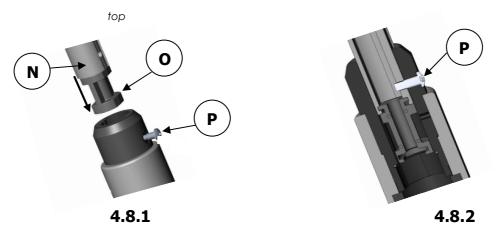
4.7- FITTING THE BEARING INTO THE TELESCOPIC SECTION



Assemble one bearing beneath the telescopic section, the male side pointing up. Fit the bearing to the telescopic section and give it a quarter turn.

⚠ IMPORTANT: Doing this ensures that the bearing is fixed in place at the bottom of the telescopic section (fig. L).

4.8- FIXING THE TELESCOPIC SECTION IN THE DRUM



4.8.1- Slip the drum around the forestay. Loosen the screw (fig. P) <u>slightly but sufficiently</u> so that the telescopic section can slide inside the nose of the drum. Lower the telescopic section (fig. N), with its bearing (fig. O), until the bearing fits in snugly.

4.8.2- Tighten the locking screw (fig. P), which will join the drum to the telescopic section.





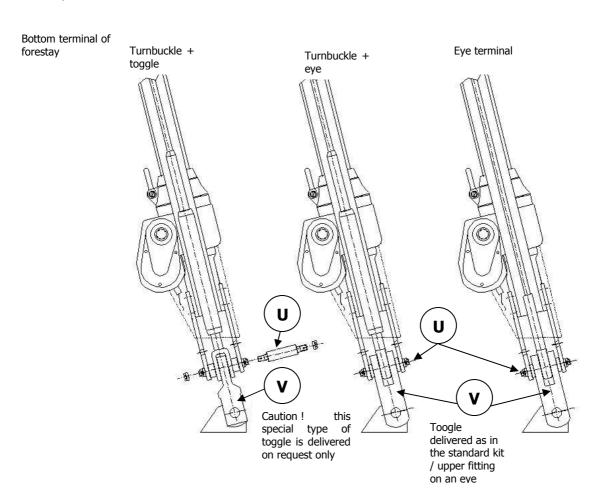
4.9- FIXING THE BOTTOM OF THE ELECTRIC MOTORISATION

BOTTOM FORESTAY TERMINAL / TURNBUCKLE+ ARTICULATED JAW OR EYE + JAW



- 4.9.1 Prepare the two link plates (Rep.T) to fit the electric unit. First remove the stainless steel cages (Rep.W).
- 4.9.2 Use the 2 nuts out of the 4 supplied to fix the link plates. Choose the right side of the drive unit **according to the chain plate orientation**.
- 4.9.3 Tighten well the 2 nuts.

4.9.4 Now slip the electric unit around the forestay. Connect the delivered stainless steel plates to the forestay terminal. Please find below some examples of fittings according to the forestay terminal.



▲ WARNING: THE PIN (Rep. U, delivered) <u>ALWAYS</u> NEEDS TO BE FITTED ONTO THE UPPER PART OF THE DELIVERED TOGGLE (Rep. V).





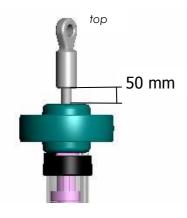
4.10- ADJUSTING SECTIONS

Tighten the backstay to put some tension onto the forestay.

Leave the feeder piece resting on the drum.

Raise all of the sections together until they touch the top terminal of the forestay. Insert a screw into one of the lower holes of the last section.

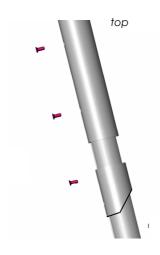
⚠ **BEWARE**: DO NOT OVERTIGHTEN IT. Press the screw with your thumb and let the sections slowly descend until a hole coincides with the first of the threads on the telescopic section.



⚠ IMPORTANT :

- Make sure that sections have descended at least 50mm before the screw slots into place. Otherwise, proceed to the next hole, 100mm below.
- Leave a margin of at least 50 mm between the halyard deflector and the bottom of the forestay top terminal.
- The ideal position of the feeder is between 600 and 800 mm above the drum shackle.

4.11- FIXING THE SAIL FEEDER



4.11.1-Align holes in the telescopic section with holes in the feeder. Then, screw down the feeder with the screw provided.

5- BOXTRON BOX INSTALLATION (see Appendix attached*)

See below supplementary information to the Appendix (*attached only if boxtron option delivered):

Radio control connection (if radio control option choosen)



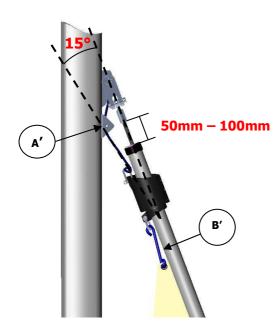
Connection block for the "furling in/out" control box





6- SPECIFIC INSTALLATIONS

Installation without deflector wheel or when using a sail with shorter luff:

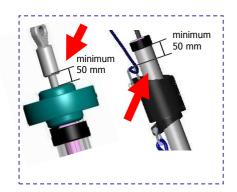


Without deflector wheel:

If the halyard swivel is not used, fix a block on the mast (fig. A'); so that the halyard runs off at 15° to the forestay. Also insure that the top cap is positioned around 50mm from the bottom end of the top forestay.

■ Sail with shorter luff (i.e. Storm Sails and Working Jibs): The halyard swivel virtually eliminates halyard wrap; however, when using a shorter sail, rig a short strop (fig. B') between the head of your sail to allow the top of the halyard swivel to be positioned around 50mm from the top section cap, when your sail is fully hoisted.

7- POST INSTALLATION CHECKS



When the sail is hoisted and the halyard is tensioned correctly:

- □ distance between the halyard deflector & the bottom end of the top forestay terminal
- =50mm minimum 150 maximum
- □ distance between halyard swivel & top cap
- =50mm minimum 100 mm maximum*
- * space to allow for change in luff length of Genoa



- ☐ The swivel is clear of any halyard
- □ The genoa halyard is correctly tensioned
- ☐ The forestay is sufficiently tight





8- FURLING TIPS

- Check that other halyards are clear of the reefing system.
- Secure jib sheets when you have the required sail area.
- It is recommended that you have a spare sail on board. You can use an old Genoa with a luff tape to fit the Facnor groove.

PO NOT FORCE the reefing system. Check for reasons if the sail is difficult to furl.

